may be specifically prescribed by an Act of Congress enacted after Jan. 4, 1975.

REGULATIONS
Pub. L. 103–183, title VII, §707, Dec. 14, 1993, 107 Stat. 2231, provided that: “The Secretary of Health and Human Services is authorized to issue interim final regulations—(1) under which the Secretary may approve accreditation bodies under section 354(e) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 263b(e)); and (2) establishing quality standards under section 354(f) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 263b(f))."

STUDY
Section 3 of Pub. L. 102–539 directed Comptroller General of United States to conduct a study of the certification program authorized by this section to determine if the program has resulted in improvement of quality and accessibility of mammography services, and if the program has reduced the frequency of poor quality mammography and improved early detection of breast cancer, with Comptroller General, not later than 3 years from Oct. 27, 1992, submit to Congress an interim report of results of study and, not later than 5 years from such date to submit a final report.

PART C—QUARantine AND INspection

§ 264. Regulations to control communicable diseases

(a) Promulgation and enforcement by Surgeon General

The Surgeon General, with the approval of the Secretary, is authorized to make and enforce such regulations as in his judgment are necessary to prevent the introduction, transmission, or spread of communicable diseases from foreign countries into the States or possessions, or from one State or possession into any other State or possession. For purposes of carrying out and enforcing such regulations, the Surgeon General may provide for such inspection, fumigation, disinfection, sanitation, pest extermination, destruction of animals or articles found to be so infected or contaminated as to be sources of dangerous infection to human beings, and other measures, as in his judgment may be necessary.

(b) Apprehension, detention, or conditional release of individuals

Regulations prescribed under this section shall not provide for the apprehension, detention, or conditional release of individuals except for the purpose of preventing the introduction, transmission, or spread of such communicable diseases as may be specified from time to time in Executive orders of the President upon the recommendation of the Secretary, in consultation with the Surgeon General.1

(c) Application of regulations to persons entering from foreign countries

Except as provided in subsection (d), regulations prescribed under this section, insofar as they provide for the apprehension, detention, examination, or conditional release of individuals, shall be applicable only to individuals coming into a State or possession from a foreign country or a possession.

(d) Apprehension and examination of persons reasonably believed to be infected

(1) Regulations prescribed under this section may provide for the apprehension and examination of any individual reasonably believed to be infected with a communicable disease in a qualifying stage and (A) to be moving or about to move from a State to another State; or (B) to be a probable source of infection to individuals who, while infected with such disease in a qualifying stage, will be moving from a State to another State. Such regulations may provide that if upon examination any such individual is found to be infected, he may be detained for such time and in such manner as may be reasonably necessary. For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘‘State’’ includes, in addition to the several States, only the District of Columbia. (2) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘‘qualifying stage’’, with respect to a communicable disease, means that such disease—(A) is in a communicable stage; or (B) is in a precommunicable stage, if the disease would be likely to cause a public health emergency if transmitted to other individuals.

(e) Preemption

Nothing in this section or section 266 of this title, or the regulations promulgated under such sections, may be construed as supersed ing any provision under State law (including regulations and including provisions established by political subdivisions of States), except to the extent that such a provision conflicts with an exercise of Federal authority under this section or section 266 of this title.


AMENDMENTS
2002—Pub. L. 107–188, §142(a)(1), (2), (b)(1), and (c), which directed certain amendments to section 361 of the Public Health Act, was executed by making the amendments to this section, which is section 361 of the Public Health Service Act, to reflect the probable intent of Congress. See below.

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 107–188, §142(a)(2), (b)(1), substituted “Executive orders of the President upon the recommendation of the President upon the recommendation of the National Advisory Health Council and the Surgeon General,” for “Executive orders of the President upon the recommendation of the National Advisory Health Council and the Surgeon General”, in place of text substituted in first sentence “Regulations” for “On recommendation of the National Advisory Health Council, regulations”, “in a qualifying stage” for “in a communicable stage” in two places, designated existing text as par. (1) and substituted “(A)” and “(B)” for “(1)” and “(2)”, respectively, and added par. (2).


1976—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 94–317 inserted provision defining “State” to include, in addition to the several States, only the District of Columbia.


EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1960 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 86–624 effective Aug. 21, 1959, see section 17(f) of Pub. L. 86–624, set out as a note under section 201 of this title.

1 So in original. The comma probably should not appear.
§ 265

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

Office of Surgeon General abolished by section 3 of
Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1966, eff. June 23, 1966, 31 F.R. 8855,
80 Stat. 1810, and functions thereof transferred to Secre-

ary of Health, Education, and Welfare by section 1 of
Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1966, set out as a note under sec-

tion 292 of this title. Secretary of Health, Education,
and Welfare redesignated Secretary of Health and
Human Services by section 5 of Reorg. Plan No. 1 of 1953,
set out as a note under section 509(b) of Pub. L. 96–88
which is classified to section 3508(b) of Title 20, Education.

Ex. Ord. No. 13375, § 1, Apr. 1, 2005, 70 F.R. 4200, provided that:

Stat. 2078, provided that: "The order issued by the Cen-
tal Intelligence Agency and office of Administrator abolished by section 8 of
Reorg. Plan No. 1 of 1953. Secretary and Department of
Health, Education, and Welfare redesignated Secretary
and Department of Health and Human Services by sec-

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tion 509(b) of Pub. L. 96–88 which is classified to section 3508(b) of Title 20.

EXTENSION OF EVICTION MORATORIUM

Stat. 3100–3115, eff. Jan. 1, 2021, provided that:

(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the
Comprehensive Tuberculosis Elimination Act of 2020 (Oct. 13, 2020), the
Secretary of Health and Human Services shall prepare and submit to
the appropriate committees of Congress a report that evaluates and provides recommendations on changes needed to Federal and State public health authorities to address current disease containment challenges such as isolation and quarantine.

(b) Contents of Evaluation.—The report described in subsection (a) shall include—

"(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of current policies to detain patients with active tuberculosis;

"(2) an evaluation of whether Federal laws should be strengthened to expressly address the movement of individuals with active tuberculosis; and

"(3) specific legislative recommendations for changes to Federal laws, if any.

(c) Update of Quarantine Regulations.—Not later than 240 days after the date of enactment of this Act (Oct. 13, 2020), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall promulgate regulations to update the current interstate and foreign quarantine regulations found in parts 70 and 71 of title 42, Code of Federal Reg-

ulations.

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 12452

Ex. Ord. No. 12452, Dec. 22, 1983, 48 F.R. 56927, which speci-

fied certain communicable diseases for regulations providing for the apprehen-
sion, detention, or conditional release of individuals to prevent the intro-
duction, transmission, or spread of such diseases, was rev-

EX. ORD. NO. 13295, REVISED LIST OF QUARANTINABLE
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES


17299; Ex. Ord. No. 13674, § 1, July 31, 2014, 79 F.R. 45671, provided:

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 361(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 264(b)), it is hereby ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. Based upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Health and Human Services (the "Secretary"), in consultation with the Surgeon General, and for the purpose of specifying certain communicable diseases, Education, and Welfare redesignated Secretary of Health and Human Services Act (42 U.S.C. 265(b)), it is hereby ordered as follows:

(a) Cholera; Diphtheria; infectious Tuberculosis; Plague; Smallpox; Yellow Fever; and Viral Hemor-

rhagic Fevers (Lassa, Marburg, Ebola, Crimean-Congo, South American, and others not yet isolated or named).

(b) Severe acute respiratory syndromes, which are diseases that are associated with fever and signs and symptoms of pneumonia or other respiratory illness, are capable of being transmitted from person to person, and that either are causing, or have the potential to cause, a pandemic, or, upon infection, are highly likely to cause mortality or serious morbidity if not properly controlled. This subsection does not apply to influenza.

(c) Influenza caused by novel or reemergent influenza viruses that are causing, or have the potential to cause, a pandemic.

SEC. 2. The Secretary, in the Secretary’s discretion, shall determine whether a particular condition constitutes a communicable disease of the type specified in section 1 of this order.

SEC. 3. The functions of the President under sections 362 and 364(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 265 and 267(a)) are assigned to the Secretary.

SEC. 4. This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit enforceable at law or equity by any party against the United States, its depart-
ments, agencies, entities, officers, employees or agents, or any other person.

SEC. 5. Executive Order 12452 of December 22, 1983, is hereby revoked.

§ 265. Suspension of entries and imports from
designated places to prevent spread of commu-
nicable diseases

Whenever the Surgeon General determines that by reason of the existence of any communicable disease in a foreign country there is seri-

ous danger of the introduction of such disease into the United States, and that this danger is so increased by the introduction of persons or property from such country that a suspension of the right to introduce such persons and property is required in the interest of the public health, the Surgeon General, in accordance with regu-
lations approved by the President, shall have the power to prohibit, in whole or in part, the intro-
duction of persons and property from such coun-
tries or places as he shall designate in order to avert such danger, and for such period of time as he may deem necessary for such purpose.

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title III, § 362, 58 Stat. 704.)

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

Office of Surgeon General abolished by section 3 of Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1966, eff. June 23, 1966, 31 F.R. 8855, 80 Stat. 1810, and functions thereof transferred to Secre-

tary of Health, Education, and Welfare by section 1 of Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1966, set out as a note under sec-

tion 292 of this title. Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare redesignated Secretary of Health and